

IRMA DISTRICT

The Irma District is the most important Oil, Natural Gas and Mixed Farming District in Alberta. 110 miles S. E. of Edmonton, 200 miles N. W. of Saskatoon. If you want to keep in touch with this important district, subscribe for The Irma Times and get all the news each week.

IRMA TIMES



Development of Alberta's Natural Resources Will Bring Prosperity

THE ALBERTA OIL GAZETTE

The Only Paper in Alberta Keeping Pace With Oil Operations

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Irma, Alberta, Friday, August 29th, 1924.

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MAPLE LEAF COMPANY CEMENT CASING--OIL REPORTED AT NO. 4 B.P. WELL--OTHER COMPANIES PREPARE

At last the long looked for casing has arrived for the Maple Leaf well. Friday night the crew will have it all placed in the well and securely cemented with some 200 bags of cement. This well has been in a critical condition for three weeks, at which time a tremendous gas pressure was encountered necessitating the constant operation of the mud pumps in order to prevent the gas and oil from escaping before the casing had been set. When seen at the well Thursday afternoon both R. E. Williams and Driller Credille expressed the greatest confidence that when the well was drilled in it would be the biggest oil well in Alberta. So confident are the directors of the Maple Leaf Company that on Wednesday a contract was signed with the Edmonton Gas Development Company for the drilling of six more wells. Operations for this contract will commence the early part of next week. Lumber is due Saturday for the first derrick. This will be erected while the crew are waiting for the cement to set in No. 1 well, this well should be ready to be drilled in by about the tenth of September as it requires from ten days to two weeks for the cement to harden before the drill is again placed in the well to drill through the cap rock on which the casing has been set. No. 2 well will be located on the same legal subdivision as No. 1, only about eighty yards north of the present well. Mr. Williams advised us that the Directors had withdrawn their stock from the market, as since the excellent showing of oil and gas had been encountered no effort was required to secure capital. Timbers have been ordered for No. 3 well but the location for this well has not definitely been decided on.

BRITISH PETROLEUMS REPORT ANOTHER WELL

Mr. Emmens, superintendent for the B. P. company is quoted by the Edmonton press as announcing the completion of No. 4 well as a successful oil producer. Oil at this well is believed to have been found in the same strata as in No. 2 which is only about forty rods north of No. 4. In No. 2 well, late last fall, Dave Credille who was in charge of the drill at this well, found a seventeen foot sand with sufficient gas pressure to give an estimated production of two hundred barrels per day. Since then no effort apparently has been made to confirm this estimate. Following recent reports of the supposed strike in Nos. 3 and 4 wells, the company's stock has fluctuated from 30c to 80c per share. The company is capitalized at \$5,000,000.00 and 90 per cent of the authorized capital is reported to have been issued. The company have adopted a plan of secrecy among a certain class who would like to invest in oil but who want to know how their money is being spent. We have been advised that in the near future this plan of secrecy would be changed and that the investing public would have a chance to see what was being done at the different wells. If this report proves correct and the wells prove as reported the company will no doubt in a short time regain the confidence of the public.

WESTERN CONSOLIDATED DRILLING

We understand drilling has been resumed at the Western Consolidated well about one mile south east of B. P. No. 3. Mr. J. O. Williams, geologist and field manager for this company is confident that they will tap the same sand as was struck in No. 3 B. P. well.

WAINWRIGHT OIL PRODUCERS SYNDICATE GIVE OPTION TO SELL

The Wainwright Oil Producers Syndicate are awaiting the acceptance of an option given a group of English capitalists on their equipment and leases. If this deal is consummated each shareholder in the syndicate will realize a handsome profit on their investment.

IRMA OIL DEVELOPMENT CO., DRILLING

Work is progressing nicely at the Irma Oil Development Co. well west of Irma, the first string of 13 1-2 inch casing has been set to shut off a heavy flow of water and quick sand. The drill is now working in a bed of boulders and clay necessitating slow progress. As soon as this has been passed through the drillers expect several hundred feet of ideal formation for the rotary drill. The selection of location for this well has been approved by some of the best geologists visiting the district. The location is on what is supposed to be the westerly dip of the

GRATTAN WELL ON FIRE--FIRST BIG WELL IN IRMA DISTRICT IGNITED SUNDAY

Spectacular Blaze Attracting Tourists From All Parts

About 6.30 Sunday evening fire was discovered at No. 2 Grattan well on Section 4-45-8-4, about eight miles south-east of Irma. This was the first well to be completed in the Irma district and at the time it was finished in March 1920 was the most promising well in Alberta and no doubt was the cause of the immense development that has been undertaken in the Irma-Wainwright field during the last two years. Drilling was commenced at this well in 1917 but it was not completed till the spring of 1920 when some arrangements were made with the Imperial Oil Company who sent a crew of drillers here to complete the well. The drilling ceased at a depth of 1920 feet with a rock pressure of approximately 670 pounds, with a daily flow of gas between six and seven million feet. Several showings of oil were encountered in drilling the well and at the time it was capped the derrick and ground surrounding the location was covered with a thick coating of oil. Since the well was capped it has been necessary at times to open the control head while making repairs to the casing which has been leaking and at all such times oil has been thrown from the well with the gas. We firmly believe had the drillers been supplied with another hundred feet of casing at the time the well was completed it would have been the first Oil well of the district. After the well was finished the derrick and building with most of the equipment was left in place. During the drilling of the Fabyan well the Imperial Oil company ran a pipe line from this well to Fabyan and used the gas from this well to supply heat for the boilers. The boiler and engine had been moved but most of the other equipment was still on the site when the fire started.

Just how the fire originated may never be known. About six o'clock Sunday night one of the farmers living north of the well saw two men walking along the river valley some distance away but thought nothing of it till about half an hour later when he saw smoke rising from the burning buildings which were soon consumed in the flames. A report was circulated that the cap had been blown off the casing and that the full force of gas was escaping. This was found to be incorrect as the gas that is burning is escaping from a crack in the casing some four or five feet below the cap. The pipe above the flame is at red heat and apparently a bulge is developing in the casing about three feet below the cap. Should this break away under the fierce heat, no doubt the cap will soon be blown off, in which case the flames will be visible for a very great distance. Parties coming from Hardisty, Kinsella and Wainwright report that at night the illumination from the fire is quite visible. Cars laden with parties from all directions are lined up along the river bank each evening and as time lapses these crowds will be increased. No attempt has been made to extinguish the flame which is shooting some thirty feet in the air.

broad terrace structure extending from the Grattan well to Birch Lake. The directors of this company are all local men and 75 per cent of the capital secured by the company has been subscribed by local residents.

OTHER COMPANIES PREPARING TO DRILL

Mr. A. B. Palmer, of Vancouver, B. C. who is one of the principal movers in the Crown Oil company, was in Edmonton last week, when he announced that his company would bring in two rigs to operate on their holdings, in the near future. The Crown Oil Co., controls some ten thousand acres of choice leases in Townships 47, Ranges 6 - 7 & 8, south of Buffalo Coulee, as well as a block of acreage east of Wainwright.

OTHER COMPANIES BECOMING INTERESTED

It is hard to keep track of the new companies that are being formed in Edmonton and Vancouver. Last week Dr. C. C. Coulter, the American Geologist who did considerable research work in the south part of the province last summer, was in the Irma-Wainwright district. While in the district the geologist did not volunteer to divulge the name of the interests he was representing. Suffice to say he is very optimistic that the area covered is capable of producing petroleum in large quantities.

Migratory Birds Convention Act

A summary of the Migratory Birds Convention Act is given below. This is the law which is based upon the Treaty with the United States. Any enquiries concerning this law may be addressed to the Commissioner of the Canadian National Parks, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

Open Seasons

Both dates inclusive.
Ducks, Geese, Brant or Rails--Sept. 15 to Dec. 14th.

Wilson or Jack-snipe, Black-bellied & Golden Plovers & the Greater & Lesser Yellow-legs--Sept. 15th to Dec. 14th.

Closed Seasons

There is a closed season in the Provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta on swans, wood duck, eider duck, cranes, curlew, willet, godwits, upland plover, avocets, dowitchers, knots, oyster-catchers, phalaropes, stilts, surf-birds, turnstones, and all the shore birds not provided with an open season in above schedule.

There is a closed season throughout the year on the following non-game birds: Auklets, auks, bitterns, fulmars, gannets, grebes, guillemots, gulls, herons, jaegers, loons, murrelets, puffins, shearwaters, and terns; and there is a closed season throughout the year on the following insectivorous birds: Bobolinks, catbirds, chickadees, cuckoos, flickers, flycatchers, grosbeaks, hummingbirds, kinglets, martins, meadowlarks, nighthawks or bull bats, nuthatches, orioles, robins, shrikes, swallows, swifts, tanagers, titmice, thrushes, vireos, warblers, waxwings, whippoorwills, woodpeckers and wrens, and all other perching birds which feed entirely or chiefly on insects.

No person shall kill, capture, injure, take, or molest migratory game birds during the close seasons. Sale of these birds is forbidden.

The killing, capturing, taking, injuring or molesting of migratory insectivorous and migratory non-game birds is prohibited.

Penalty

Every person who violates any provision of this Act or any regulation shall, for each offence, be liable upon summary conviction to a fine of not more than three hundred dollars and not less than ten dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both fine and imprisonment.

JOHN R. BOYLE IS NAMED NEW JUDGE

Ottawa, Aug. 27.—Judicial changes in the supreme court of Alberta have just been made. Chief Justice Harvey of the trial division becomes chief justice of appeals with the rank of chief justice of Alberta, succeeding the late Justice Scott.

Mr. Justice Simmons is appointed chief justice of the trial division.

The new justice is John R. Boyle, former attorney-general and latterly leader of the Liberal opposition in the legislature.

To Pay Dollar Bushel First on Pool Grain

Winnipeg, Aug. 22nd.—An initial payment to the members of the Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba wheat pools of \$1.00 per bushel on their 1924 crop was agreed upon at the conference in Regina yesterday of pool representatives. It is stated here today. The conference decided definitely upon a central selling agency, but the manager was not appointed. Eight of the chartered banks, it is understood, have collectively authorized a credit of \$25,000,000 for financing the pool's operations. The initial payment will be on the basis of No. 1 Northern, Fort William.

U. S. INTERESTED IN

ATHABASCA SANDS

There seems every probability if investigations on the spot prove satisfactory, that in the near future a powerful United States Syndicate will be in operation for the extraction of oil and asphalt from the sands of the Athabasca river, according to a statement made at the Fort Garry hotel, Winnipeg, by Robert M. Birch, oil operator of Chicago and president of the Blackstone Petroleum company, who left immediately for Edmonton to make an inspection on behalf of the Bituminous Sands Company of America. The Bituminous Sands company is the originator of the McCabe process for the extraction of oil and asphalt from sands of the composition of which the Athabasca sands are reported to be, and if their process is applicable to these sands Mr. Birch considers they hold the solution of a problem which has puzzled many investigators of the Athabasca product. During his stay in Winnipeg, Mr. Birch interviewed many prominent business men, including Sir Henry Thornton.

MAY REVOLUTIONIZE

GROWING OF WHEAT

Experiments which are now being conducted on fifty farms in the West, from samples sent from the seed branch here, prove successful there will be two new kinds of wheat maturing early enough to escape the rust season. It is hoped to revolutionize wheat growing. The preliminary advice which have been received indicate healthy and favorable prospects.

The new brands which have been the object of long experimentation at the central farm here, are known as Reward and Garnet. The former is an exceptionally good quality of wheat which matures fully a week earlier than Marquis. Hereafter it has been difficult to get a wheat which while resisting rust, would otherwise be up to the standard of quality. In the new brands now being experimented with there is not only exceptionally early growth, but the quality is described as superior.

Some of the samples went to areas where the crops are very poor, but those sent to the more fortunate districts are very promising, according to reports received here.

Don't Look For City Employment This Winter : Prospects Not Good

Doubtless many of the young men who came to Canada this year from Great Britain and Europe to take up agricultural work will be tempted to leave their farm employment this fall and seek employment elsewhere. They will probably find their way to the large centres in expectation of picking up work. We would suggest that every man who has a farm job in Western Canada today should stick to it, or secure an engagement with some other farmer in the district where he is now located at the present moment. There is nothing in sight that would indicate that there will be any demand for labor that the usual local supply will not be able to fill; consequently farm hands to throw up berths on the chance of getting some other work are very likely to be disappointed, and will spend what money they have saved this summer in running from place to place seeking jobs. In view of this possibility, they will be well advised to endeavor to arrange with their present employees or some other farmer in the neighborhood for the winter months; thus, they will be able to add to their summer's savings and gain further valuable experience. Not a few farmers have engaged their help for the year, and with the increase in mixed farming everywhere, this practice is becoming more common than it was formerly. Wages and other things being right, it is said that the farmers are finding such an arrangement advantageous.

Boost Irma Always

RED ROSE

TEA "is good tea"

The ORANGE PEKOE QUALITY makes finer tea and more of it

Do Something For Canada

Addressing a gathering at Vancouver last month, His Excellency Baron Byng of Vimy, Governor-General, said:

"I have another year and a half to stay in Canada, and when I go somewhere I would like to feel that Canada has found the path of prosperity and toward idealism. I would like to feel that when I go the people will say: 'There goes a good Canadian.' I can't tell of the pride it would give me to think I had done something for this country, for which my pride is unspeakable."

These words came at the conclusion of an address filled with optimism for the future of Canada, but urging a more essential, national unity and the pulling of the nation into the midst of the rising generation. "I know that Canada is going ahead," declared His Excellency, "and that the spirit that emanated from small places where the Canadian units formed and spread to the larger divisions overseas, still exists among the Canadian people. But we must see eye to eye, for without unity Canada cannot become a real nation."

Baron Byng, an Englishman, whose duties necessitate his residence in Canada for only five years, feels that the way about the Dominion and is imbued with this desire to do something for Canada, how much more intensely should native-born Canadians, and those who have chosen Canada by adoption as their permanent homeland, feel towards this Dominion, and how anxious they should be to "do something for Canada."

And, after all, that is just what Canada needs, that her sons and daughters should strive to do something for her. For a time a tendency towards pessimism swept over this country when the doctrine seemed to find ready acceptance that it was the business of the Government or State to look after the people rather than that the people should look after and promote the welfare of the State and thereby promote the well-being and advancement of all.

No doubt the war was largely responsible for this tendency, because, while that grim conflict was being waged, it became necessary for the State to call upon the entire citizenship to fight for its and their preservation, and while in the army every man's slightest want was provided for by Government and his dependents cared for by Government in his absence. War made these things necessary, but a continuance of war policies would mean national bankruptcy, and State paternalism carried to an extreme inevitably means national disintegration.

Fortunately, popular belief in the efficacy of State aid for this, that and the other thing is on the wane. People have learned that the Government is, after all, themselves, and that it is impossible to lift oneself by the boot straps. The slogan of today is not "Wait and see what the Government will do," but "Do something yourself, for yourself, and for the country."

It is selfish doing for oneself only. England would not be the great nation it is if Englishmen had only had a vision of England, and not of the great British Empire in the making. The United States would never have grown into the powerful nation it is today if the people had not had on States' Rights first, last and all the time regardless of the national well-being. As Baron Byng has emphasized, there must be unity in Canada, and union in national endeavor and enterprise, before a real nation can arise.

And national idealism requires to be incited in the youth of today and can only be incited in the youth of today. Next and women are hard at work carrying on a struggle for some object in life, but what greater objective can any Canadian have than the rendering of service to Canada itself. Development of our natural resources may bring rewards to the individual, but it is found to bring something greater to Canada itself if carried out in a spirit of national service rather than of national exploitation.

When the time comes for a Canadian to go, not going in the sense of Baron Byng's departure for his old home in England but going because life's work is ended, what greater satisfaction can be felt than in a knowledge that he has done something, achieved something for his own country. While not agreeing with the extreme to which the theory was carried by Germany, it must be admitted that there is much to be said for the doctrine, or policy, call it what you will, which sets forth that the individual exists for the State and not the State for the individual. The truth, of course, lies between these two extremes. In Canada there is apparently little danger of the German policy of a State superimposed on the individual finding acceptance; the danger to be avoided is that of regarding the individual as all-important and the State as of little account except as it can be used to promote the selfish aims and desires of the individual.

Like the Boy Scouts with their slogan, "Do a Good Turn Every Day," Canadians should be united and with a true national idealism strive in season and out of season to do something for Canada.

King Entertains Lawyers

Visitors From Canada and U.S. Took "Tea With Royalty"

Visiting lawyers from Canada and the United States walked, talked and took tea with King George, Queen Mary, and the Prince of Wales in the Royal's backyard, so to speak, when the pleasant grounds to the rear of Buckingham Palace were thrown open to 2,000 invited guests, most of whom were visiting lawyers. Behind the eagerly forbidding front of the big building which faces the Mall they found little of the ceremony usually associated with royalty.

Something New in Sidewalks

Pink sidewalks have been laid in a district near Herne Bay, England, to do away with the sun glare from ordinary stone walks. The new walks not only are more restful to the eyes, but cooler beneath the feet, it is claimed.

Production of Pig Iron

The production of pig iron in Canada in May was 8,497 tons, an increase over April of 1,112 tons. Production of steel during the same month was 108,433 tons, the greatest tonnage since October, 1920.

CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

A Harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups — No Narcotics!

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years to relieve babies and children of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness, tending them to sleep, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving natural sleep without opiates. The genuine bears signature of

Vancouver Expects Big Grain Movement

One Hundred Million Bushels Is Aim For 1924

One hundred million bushels of grain through Vancouver for the 1923-24 season is the prediction of grain men here. With the 1923-24 crop still moving, shipping and grain imports are already negotiating for space for next season, when the elevator capacity here will be at least 1,100,000 bushels, as compared with 2,000,000 now. By the end of the season 60,000,000 bushels will have been moved. It is estimated, based on the total movement of 55,000,000 bushels to July 22.

Norwegians Greatest Whale Fishers

Sixty per cent of the world's whale fishing is done by Norwegians, and the Christiansa correspondent of the London Morning Post estimates the yield this season at 70,000,000 crows. Nearly the entire output was sold to the United States.

Whole Oil For England

More than two hundred tons of whole oil from the whale stations in the Queen Charlotte Islands have been shipped to England.

The Power Of Lightning

Plint of Gasoline Contains Same Energy As Average Lightning Bolt Said Scientist

Scientists have a way of talking about things that gives the impression of calm indifference to all that sears and concerns the ordinary man.

A great big streak of lightning that hurtles through space, opens the sky up for a strip that looks like a yard and half wide, and seems to be satisfied only by taking the steeple off a church or knocking the chimney from the back of a kitchen—the scientist looks on quietly takes a pencil and starts to figure on the back of an envelope.

He announces that it is forceful and impressive because of its high voltage. In a few more minutes he has it figured out that it is not worth 75 cents so far as electrical energy is concerned.

The late Dr. Steinmetz, before his death, claimed that the average bolt of lightning was no greater in power than the energy stored up in a pint of gasoline. At the rate paid for electric lights in cities with which he was familiar the average streak of lightning was not worth \$1; on the basis of prices paid for power, not over 20 cents.

The same authority had it figured out that a person with a very small gas engine could make as much electricity for 50 cents worth of gas as was developed in an average thunderstorm.

It's very interesting to have it all worked out on that basis; it might even make a timid person resolve not to be afraid of any 60-cent electrical storm, yet there would be the mental reservation that it would be much nearer to make one's own supply of electricity rather than have it shot at him from the heavens.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

PEOPLE "ALL NERVES"

What to Do if You Find Yourself in This Condition

The sort of thing that specialists speak of as nervous debility is the run-of-the-mill condition caused by overwork, household cares or worries. The sufferers find themselves tired, nervous, low spirited and unable to keep their minds on anything. Any sudden noise startles and sets the heart pounding. They are unable to keep their groundless fears, and do not sleep well at night. The hands tremble and the legs feel as if they would give way following a walk or any exertion. The whole condition of such people may be described as pitiable.

Doctors of the nerves with poisonous sedatives is a terrible mistake. The only real nerve tonic is a good supply of rich blood. Therefore the treatment for nervousness and rundown health is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which promptly build up and enrich the blood. The revived appetite, the strong nerves, improved spirits and new strength which come after a course of these pills will delight every sufferer.

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50c a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

New Instrument Locates Metal

Makes Sound When Passing Over Ground Containing Metallic Ores

Old legends tell of men who had the power to look down into the earth and see where gold and silver lay hidden. We cannot do this yet, but something almost as wonderful is now possible: we can listen and hear the veins of precious metal.

Two Swedish engineers, Mr. Hans Lundberg and Mrs. Harry Nathair, have invented an electrical instrument which will locate metallic ores under the ground and indicate their presence by making a sound that can be heard.

The prospector carries the instrument over the ground he is prospecting, and, with telephone receivers fixed on his head, listens. When the instrument passes over a vein a sound is heard, and the prospector knows that what he seeks is somewhere beneath his feet.

It Testifies for Itself.—Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil needs no testimonial of its powers other than itself. Who ever tried it for coughs or colds, for cuts or contusions, for sprains or burns, for pains in the limbs or body, will know that the medicine proves itself and needs no guarantee. This shows why it is in such general use.

Irish Linens Are Strongest

Linens, valued at \$17,742, and manufactured in the Irish Free State, were bought for the United States Insular Levant. The contractor found that the type of linens tough enough to withstand the steam laundries of New York and Southampton were not available in America.

In Paris many society women add to their incomes by selling diamonds and jewelry to their friends, receiving liberal commissions from the jewelers.

In the Middle Ages cats were always kept in convents.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Pain

W. N. C. 1559

London Zoo Receives Remarkable Animal

Rare "Liger" Is Gift Of An Indian Prince

Prince Ranjitsingh has just presented to the Zoo a male lion-tiger. As a lion was the father this remarkable animal will be known as a "liger," and as it is a freak and very rare it ought to be of great interest to visitors. Owing to the natural distribution of the lion and tiger, hybrids are rarely bred outside menageries, and it is extremely difficult to get lion and tigress—or a tiger and lioness—to agree together in captivity. The Zoo has never tried the experiment of putting lions and tigers in the same cage, and there is so much natural sympathy and antipathy between individuals that it is often difficult to find suitable mates for the large cats even among their own kind.

This particular liger has come from Prince Ranjitsingh's estate in India, where it was bred and reared, and where lions are preserved and often kept with tigers. These hybrids vary a great deal in appearance and temperament, some favoring one parent more than the other. The Zoo's liger is a particularly fine specimen, being beautifully proportioned, and, as tall, if not taller, than Rajah, the largest of the tigers at the Zoo.

At a glance he looks most like a tiger, for he inherits his walk and the shape of his body from his mother. But the color of his head and body is the sandy brown of the lion, with three stripes showing in parts. His head is an odd mixture of both parents. It is shaped like that of a tiger, but the eyes are the amber eyes of the lion. On the head and round the neck are a few hairs that would like to be a mane, and very distinct on this sandy head are the black and white striped ears that so characterize the tiger. The tail is shaped like a tiger's, with the well-known lion's tuft on the end. He is a young animal, and may not yet be fully grown, and, like all cats born in captivity or semi-captivity, he is a little spiteful. He has been given an outdoor cage at the Zoo so that he will have every chance of keeping well and healthy. Unfortunately, he refuses to show himself at present, and sits in his box gazing at the crowds through the glass hole.

Print Bible History In Indian Language

Three Thousand Copies Ready For Distribution Among Sioux Tribe

An innovation in the printing of biblical history in the language of Indians, from the Teton Sioux tribe of the Pine Ridge Reservation of South Dakota, has made its appearance in Cheyenne. The work, which is the fruit of much painstaking and self-denying work on the part of its author, Rev. Eugene Buechel, S.J., who is stationed at St. Francis, South Dakota, came from the presses here with the distinction of being the first time the history of the Bible has been translated into an Indian language.

"Wopwat Wakan," is the name of the new book and this turned into the English language means, "Bible History." Latin characters constitute the words, forming phonetically the language of the Teton Sioux. About 3,000 copies of the work have been printed and are ready for distribution among the Sioux.

Saskatchewan Exports Eggs

Eighty-Five Carloads Are Shipped During Two-Month Period

A large export business in poultry products is being built up by Saskatchewan farmers, according to the careful supervision of the Provincial Marketing Department. From April 1 to May 31 of this year, forty-five cars of eggs were shipped from different points in Southern Saskatchewan. In addition approximately thirty-eight to forty cars of eggs were shipped from the northern half of the province during the same period.

German Aviator Breaks Gliding Record

Among European aviators gliding still continues to be a favorite sport. Performances such as astonished the world three years ago are now commonplace. A German recently surpassed all previous feats in gliding by remaining in the air for eight hours and forty-two minutes. He landed, moreover, at a spot higher than his starting point.

Syrian Citrus Fruits

The Syrians are fond of all kinds of citrus fruits, and their climate is particularly suitable for the cultivation of oranges and lemons, yet very little actual cultivation is done. The fruits found in the Damascus section are grown almost entirely for the purpose of adorning the open court yards, which are built around a fountain in the middle of all Arabic houses.

London has 2,223 miles of streets, which if placed end to end would be long enough to reach Constantinople.

Refresh Yourself

You see the name, Coca-Cola, brightening the streets and corners everywhere—more familiar than the names of the streets themselves.

That's because this beverage has individuality—distinctive charm.

Drink

Coca-Cola

Delicious and Refreshing

The Coca-Cola Company of Canada, Ltd.
Head Office: Toronto



Sold everywhere—in bottles and at soda fountains.

A Trans-Canada Highway

Canadian Highway From Sea to Sea
A Thing of the Future

It is now possible to cross Canada by motor car, with the exception of two detours into United States territory. There is no suitable road from Sault Ste. Marie to Winnipeg, and another gap must be filled in British Columbia before the tourist can keep on the Canadian side of the boundary all the way. A Canadian highway from sea to sea is a thing of the future, but perhaps not of the so far distant future as many suppose. The traveller by road is incidentally a generous distributor of money, and if a few thousand enthusiasts from the United States could be induced to run across Canada every year their spending would make up for the capital costs of well made and well kept roads. Besides which, of course, the country would secure the development of some presently inaccessible districts which would thus be opened up to settlement and use.—Edmonton Bulletin.

Asthma Can be Cured. "It is suffering in as needless as it is terrible to endure. After his many years of relief of the most stubborn cases no sufferer can doubt the perfect effectiveness of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Comfort of body and peace of mind return with its use and nights of sound sleep come back for good. Ask your druggist; he can supply you."

Makes Tour On Nothing

Sixteen-Year-Old Boy Crosses Atlantic Without Paying Fare

How to live on nothing a year would be an apt title for the story told to the harbor police by 16-year-old Arthur O'Sullivan, giving his address as Liverpool, England, who is being held at the Canadian Immigration Office, Montreal.

On his own admission, Arthur obtained free passage across the Atlantic on the S.S. Regina, by mingling with passengers in the third class sections by day and sleeping in the stokehold by night. After arriving in Montreal, he visited Toronto and smaller cities and parts of the United States, travelling on freight cars and riding the bumpers. He returned to Montreal and was attempting to get aboard a liner bound for England when his plans were interrupted by the Harbor Police, who discovered him and took him into custody.

The Harbor Police concede that Arthur's story is picturesque. They believe that for a boy of his age in a strange country the manner in which he travelled denotes ingenuity a bit out of the ordinary.

Paring a cor, is both risky and ineffective. It is much better to use Holloway's Corn Remover and eradicate them entirely.

Latitude is said to have been first determined by Hipparchus of Nice, about 162 B.C. He also determined longitude.

"Scratching posts" of wood are now profited in all the animal cages at the London Zoo.

For Sore Feet—Minard's Liniment

Test Trip Is Success

De Luxe Plane Carries Eight Passengers From Detroit to Chicago

An airplane carrying eight persons and equipped with reclining chairs for six passengers, with a table arranged between the chairs, arrived at Chicago from Detroit on a test voyage after a cruise of three hours and five minutes.

The plane, owned by M. B. Stout, left Detroit at 7:15 a.m. and landed at Maywood at 10:15 o'clock. It returned to Detroit later in the day. The six passengers aboard included two women, while the crew consisted of a pilot and mechanic. The women were Mrs. Stout and Miss Jane Summings, of Canada.

The plane is 21 ft. metal, with 2,350 pounds useful capacity for oils, gas and other equipment, and measures fifty-eight feet from tip to tip. It has windows on all sides. Doors that can be sealed are between the pilot's seat and the passenger compartment, which is so arranged as to be almost soundproof.

The airplane party ate breakfast in Detroit, had luncheon in Chicago and returned in time for dinner in Detroit.

Canadian Furs

That Canadian furs are finding a distinct place in the leading markets of the world is illustrated in the development of the Italian market, according to a report of the Canadian Assistant Trade Commissioner for that country. At the present time there is a large import duty on dressed furs and importers have been importing furs in the raw state, a large proportion of which are of Canadian origin.

Latest Inventions

A Rumanian inventor is to exhibit in Paris a method of showing motion pictures in three dimensions without the use of the spectator of colored glasses. Next should come a device to prevent the scenario from falling flat.—Springfield, Mass., Republican.

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After every meal

A pleasant and agreeable sweet and a 100% benefit as well.

Good for teeth, breath and digestion. Makes the next cigar taste better.

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WRIGLEY'S PEPPERMINT MINT FLAVOR

Premier Of Saskatchewan Speaks To Overseas League On Subject Of Immigration

Hon. Charles A. Dunning, Premier of Saskatchewan, was introduced by Lord Denham at a distinguished gathering at a luncheon of the Overseas League which the "romance" that appears to have been shed on his career makes him a "more or less romantic figure which my wife does not recognize." Mr. Dunning was introduced by Lord Denham, by whom he was described as "the youngest premier in the British Empire," having attained that position at the age of 37.

Mr. Dunning drew contrasts between life in this country and life in the Old Country. "While," he said, "we cannot offer all the conveniences of a civilization such as that of London, we can offer you at least a better telephone service than London has. We could not offer great urban centres, for 72 per cent. of the people are on the land in Saskatchewan, a feature which I regard as a healthy condition in the present state of development; and because of that fact we are inviting only those who are prepared to work at agriculture as their vocation in life."

Mr. Dunning said that naturally those who were of British blood in Canada desired to see a substantial influx of British children into their land to the end that the British institutions which had been established might be maintained for the benefit of future generations. But calm reflection, a calm study of the lessons of history, taught them that when mankind was on the move in one of those great migratory movements it was impossible for any one people or any one race to preserve the favorite, vacant spot of theirs for their own use when it was convenient for them to occupy it. That was the lesson of history. They might endeavor—during this period to preserve Canada—to shut the gate against all those who were not of our blood. It was not an advocate of such a course, because he realized its futility, its impossibility, in a period such as this and in relation to a country such as this.

"I can," said Mr. Dunning, "understand the indisposition of a British industrial worker to go to Canada when farming represents the main work to be done. But it is hard to understand the attitude of mind which is illustrated by the question, 'What will the Government do for us if we go there?' I am convinced of this, that while the Government of Canada does more in the way of advice and help for those who are willing to help themselves, no Government can confer on a man or a woman the virtues of self-reliance and initiative, which the emigrant to a new land must possess if he is going to succeed. If any man or woman in England is considering going to Western Canada to lean upon the state or province, I am very pleased to invite him or her to stay at home. We want people in Western Canada not to lean upon the state but to support the state and make it what it should be."

Empire industrial development was broached by Mr. Dunning. "On all hands," he said, "I find here the old conception of the Empire still prevails—that old conception, great in its day, great in relation to some parts of the Empire today—the conception that these islands are the workshops of the Empire—that the function of the dominions and the colonies is to grow or raise raw materials, to be shipped here, to the workshop, and then manufactured into finished products here, and then sent back again for use in the dominions. That conception fails to take into account the changes that have come about from the populating of these young dominions. The dominant genius of the British race is industrial, commercial and financial. How can one expect that members of the race who go overseas should leave behind them the industrial genius so characteristic of those at home? And consequently in those great dominions, such as Canada, with a wealth of natural resources of all kinds, the genius of eight millions of people there, truly British in its character, is to develop those resources and manufacture them in their own country."

"There is," he said, "a necessity for a new organization of British industry. It is the industry not of these islands, but of the Empire, wherever located. Isn't it strange that British industry has not followed that example to any thing like the same extent?"

Again alluding to immigration, Mr. Dunning stated, concluding what Sir Hamar Greenwood, minister of commerce, had said, "a remarkable speech from a remarkable man," that "we cannot offer a man who comes to Saskatchewan sudden and easily-acquired wealth. We have no rich people, judged by the standard of the Old Land; but then we have no poor people either,

judged by the standard of the Old Land. Any man who wants to work and isn't too particular what he works at, can get along all right in Saskatchewan—I know, because I have done it. There is lots of that stuff here. I am convinced that the old pioneer genius of the race has not departed. It may be overlaid temporarily by a kind of veneer—as with the man who wants to know what the Government will do with him—but Nature soon rubs that off. There is nothing like getting out on a little homestead 20 miles from nowhere; you have to rustle for yourself, and it is a mighty good thing for any man with red blood in his veins to be placed upon his own responsibility in that way. There is no pot of gold at the foot of the rainbow out west; but it is a land of milk and honey—for the man who will keep cows and bees and do the work connected with them—and it is a land of milk and honey for the man and woman who are prepared to stand on their own feet and face the future in the spirit of the pioneers who made the country. To those who possess that spirit and feel it striding within them, we offer a cordial invitation to come."

Production of Shingles

Sixty Per Cent. of World's Supply of Red Cedar is in British Columbia. The manufacture of red cedar shingles is a branch of the forest industries of British Columbia of outstanding importance.

There are 54 shingle mills in the province and in 1923 these plants manufactured 2,500,000 shingles to approximate value of \$10,000,000. It is said that by the end of this year the shingles would reach over 770,000 miles, or more than 30 times around the earth. Approximately 1,000 feet of lumber is required to make 8,000 shingles. The annual shingle output of British Columbia would also provide roofs for 125,000 modern residences. Red cedar grows to the best advantage in British Columbia, which possesses 60 per cent. of the world's supply of this wonderful timber. In 1923 the red cedar cut was 573,000 feet. Considerably more than half of this amount was used in the manufacture of shingles. The shingle industry in the province has an annual payroll of \$3,000,000 and employs about 2,600 men, irrespective of those engaged in logging the red cedar for shingle manufacture.

Red cedar roof well laid with proper zinc coating or pure iron nails, will last for a century.

Seeks Better Settler Plan

Methods of Emigration Officers in England Criticized by British. "No Canadian emigration officers in England appear to know that the Dominion Government is looking after settlers in Alberta in the way they are doing—taking the immigrants and finding work and land for them—and go one interested in colonization matters there is at all aware of what is being accomplished."

So says W. R. Park, shipping agent of Exeter, Devon, who is on a tour of the west to discover possibilities for himself, and who is astonished at what has been done for the newcomers who have been sent to Alberta to find homes.

"Mr. Park is closely connected with the Immigration of Devon men of the agricultural type. With the Canadian emigration officers in England located at the ports and large cities, and not in the farming areas, it is impossible for the would-be Canadian farmers to find out what Canada has to offer to prospective settlers," he said.

A servant girl was brought to a hospital suffering from the effects of a drug. The doctor questioned her as to her motive for taking it. "Well," she replied, "I wasn't feeling well, and I went to the mislabeled medicine cupboard, and there was a bottle marked, 'Three drops for an infant, six for an adult and a teaspoonful for an emetic.' I knew I wasn't an infant, I wasn't sure about an adult, so I thought I must be the emetic, and took a spoonful."

Eye Opener

Mr. (reading). The paper tells of a woman who married a man under the impression that he was somebody else. How strange.

Mrs.—Not at all. I did the same thing myself.

The only woman in the world who makes a business of breeding tigers is Miss Mabel Stark, of Bridgeport, Conn.

Monogamy and Manchuria do an enormous trade in dog skins.

Lignite Coal Development

Saskatchewan Government Negotiating With Private Concern To Take Over Blenheim Plant

Control of the lignite plant at Blenheim, Sask., is now in the hands of the Saskatchewan Government, which is negotiating with one or two firms to take over the plant and operate it as a commercial utility.

An announcement to this effect was made by Hon. J. G. Gardiner, Minister in charge of the Bureau of Labor and Industries.

"The plant which, after all, was only an experimental station, has served its purpose in demonstrating the possibility of making briquettes from carbonized lignite," said Mr. Gardiner. "Some chemical and mechanical problems were worked out and what remains now of the original scheme is to prove the commercial feasibility of the project."

"The Federal Government has relinquished its equity in the plant to the Saskatchewan Government provided the plant and equipment are used to complete the work as originally planned when the three Governments organized the undertaking. The Government of Manitoba, while withdrawing from the agreement some time ago has also expressed a willingness to allow its equity to remain while the plant is in operation."

It is not the policy of this Government to embark on any commercial undertaking and we will not therefore remodel the plant as an industrial unit and operate it, but will endeavor to interest private capital to undertake the commercial operation of the plant under some form of lease. The Government may, of course, carry on further research or experimental work in connection with the coal, but in no sense will it operate a commercial plant. We are at present negotiating with one or two concerns and hope to have the plant operating commercially some time this year."

Stock Train Makes Record

Travels 1,785 Miles and 40,270 People Attend Exhibit

The Better Livestock Train returned to Regina after a six weeks run in Eastern and Northern Saskatchewan, and was dismantled by a railway staff. They travelled 1,785 miles and got in touch with many thousands of Saskatchewan people and interested them in better livestock.

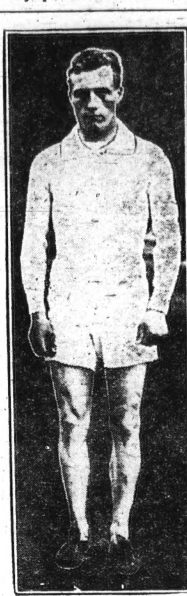
The train made a record in attendance, surpassing all previous agricultural trains of description that have operated in Saskatchewan. The attendance amounted to 40,270, which compares very favorably with an attendance of about 19,000 for the Better Bull Train in 1922, and an attendance of 33,000 for the Better Farming Train that same year. One of the great advantages of this train is that it gets in touch with thousands of people that would not be reached by any series of meetings or by any of the usual channels for the preaching of the gospel of better livestock, and the attendance record which has been made is very satisfactory.

The sale of pure-bred bulls exceeded expectations; a total of 74 pure-bred sires being disposed of. They consisted of 41 Shorthorns, 16 Herefords, 7 Aberdeen-Angus, 7 Holsteins and 3 Ayrshires. These bulls had all been tested for tuberculosis, septicaemia, and all had been dipped twice as a safeguard against mange, so they were all as healthy as possible. The prices on the bulls ranged from \$75 to \$300.

Claim Negroes Are Ill-Treated

Strong representations have been made to the Cuban Government by Great Britain that Jamaican negroes, who come in thousands each year to Cuba to work in the sugar cane fields, have been discriminated against and ill-treated. The British charges include claims that the Jamaicans are mistreated in the quarantine station at Santiago, discriminated against in the courts, and even fired upon at the slightest provocation by rural guards.

Olympic Marathon Winner



ALBEN STENROOS

Finland, the wonderful Finnish wood worker, who won the Olympic marathon at Paris in 2 hours 42 minutes 22 3/4 seconds.

The Milking Machine

Effects a Saving and Advantageous in Other Ways

Officials of the Experimental Farms recommend farmers with twelve or more cows to seriously consider the installation of a milking machine. Experience at a number of Experimental Farms and Stations goes to prove that these machines are decidedly advantageous. For a 20-cow herd a 3-cow outfit is regarded as sufficient. For smaller herds of 12 to 15 cows, a 2-cow outfit is looked upon as able to take care of the milking. Farm officials estimate that the running expenses of the larger machine divided between 20 cows is equal to about 2 cents per cow per day. One man with a milking machine, it has been proved, can milk from 20 to 25 cows an hour, whereas 7 cows an hour when milked by hand. Old cows accustomed to hand-milking do not accept the machine as readily as helpers, which show no antipathy towards the machine. Efficiency in operation with a milking machine, as with other machines, is essential for good work. The operator should know the machine and the cows, and adapt the one to suit the other, giving each their proper share of attention at the proper time.

Too Much

"I say, y'know, all these bills are dated months before we were married."

"Yes, darling, I know they are."

"Well, it's a bit tick to expect me to pay for the bill I was caught with."

One of the world's largest dams is being constructed on the Indus River, in India, for irrigation purposes.

If a man fails to get what he really deserves he ought to be thankful.

Great Forward Movement In Conservation Bound To Have Far Reaching Effects

A great forward movement in conservation, and one that affects Canada, is being inaugurated by President Coolidge in the convoking at Washington, May 22 to 24, of the first National Outdoor Recreation Conference. At this conference, which embraced national and state organizations, Canada was represented on the special invitation of the President of the United States. It was intended that Canada should be represented by Mr. W. W. Cory, Deputy Minister of the Department of the Interior, and Mr. J. B. Harkin, Commissioner of Canadian National Parks. Owing to unforeseen circumstances Mr. Harkin was prevented from attending and to Mr. Cory fell the duty of acting for Canada at the various meetings of the conference.

Canada could not remain aloof from a conference of this kind even should she desire to do so, because outdoor recreation, in the broad terms in which it was dealt with on this occasion, involves the international ownership of fish, migratory birds, boundary waters, pollution of streams, international games, and international recreational travel. The Dominion is already in touch with these subjects at a dozen points and the chief work of the conference was to emphasize and organize the activities they involve.

The personnel of the conference indicates the important place the subject occupies in the minds of the leading men of the United States. It was called and opened by President Coolidge, and the executive chairman was Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy. Other members of the United States cabinet who took part were: Hon. J. W. Weeks, Secretary of War; Hon. Hubert Work, Secretary of the Interior; Hon. H. C. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture; Hon. Herbert Hoover, Secretary of Commerce; and Hon. J. J. Davis, Secretary of Labor.

Arrangements were completed by which the people interested in the various forms of outdoor recreation will be fully represented on the permanent organization by their acknowledged leaders. These details need not be gone into here the point being that the people everywhere now recognize the importance to the whole country of properly directed sport and recreation. The crowding of people into great urban centres on the one hand and the development of the automobile on the other have changed the outlook of the people of North America in regard to outdoor recreation in one generation.

The great majority of the people no longer have, as they had thirty years ago, open spaces near at hand for recreation, and the automobile has provided the means by which they may escape into the forests, the mountains, and along the watercourses. The holding of this conference indicates that people have suddenly awakened to the fact of which leaders in both Canada and the United States have been aware for some years that the health and efficiency of the nation are going to depend in no small degree upon the maintenance of national parks, game preserves, game sanctuaries, forest reserves and other open areas, and upon the wise administration of proper laws respecting the protection of game animals, game and insectivorous birds, and fish.

The view taken a few years ago was that national parks, with their beautiful scenery and their wild animals living in a state of nature ministered only to the sentimental side of life, but it is now seen that the very stamina of the nation is dependent upon these playgrounds, and Canada has shown that she does not intend to be behind any part of the continent in developing these safeguards for her people. This

has been evidenced by what has been done in the establishment of national parks, in the creation of game preserves and sanctuaries, both in the settled parts of Canada and in the protection of natives in the far north, in the preservation of the buffalo as well as other large and small game animals and migratory birds, in the establishment of national forests, and in the holding of Empire and National Conferences on the conservation of forests, wild life, and public health. Actively in these different spheres has never been as great in Canada as it is at the present time. It is intended that there shall be no slackening but an increase of effort, and that the work already begun shall be extended and made more far-reaching and effective by further organization and co-operation.

Natural Resources Bulletin

Sea Herring Most Important of the Food Fishes of Canada. The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa says:

The sea herring is a comparatively small fish, yet it is one of the most important of the food fishes of Canada. On both the east and west coasts large catches are secured. On the east coast Nova Scotia last year took 8,256 tons, New Brunswick 12,166 tons, Prince Edward Island 2,554 tons, and Quebec 8,245 tons. British Columbia produced 65,000 tons.

The British Columbia coastal waters are, however, Canada's greatest herring fishery. They are found along almost the entire length of the coast, but particularly around Vancouver Island they are very plentiful.

A large packing industry has been built up for what is known as "Scotch cured" herring, which consists of cleaning, salting and packing the fish in barrels. Six thousand barrels of this pack were put up in British Columbia last year.

The Orient is the chief market for herring, which, to meet this demand, are dry salted only. Last year fifty thousand tons were put up in this manner for China and Japan. This 50,000 tons represented approximately 100,000 barrels. The supply of herring is ample and that there is no likelihood of depletion due to the large takings.

Of the 1923 catch of herrings, 35 tons were used fresh, 5,005 cases were canned, 22½ tons were smoked, 37,129 tons (net weight) were dry salted, 21,721 barrels were used as bait, and 72-665 barrels were used as fertilizer.

The herring is but one of the many commercial fishes for which the fisheries of Canada are famous, and in point of value, when fresh caught brought a revenue to the fisherman of \$1,629,449, or a little under one cent per pound.

Selling Low Quality Seed

Reliable Houses Should Be Protected By Trade Mark.

Twenty-three out of every one hundred packets of vegetable seeds examined in the seed laboratory at New York State Agricultural Station were found to be absolutely worthless for planting purposes. Seeds of low quality have been sold in Canada. We are informed that one of the large seed houses recently secured a job lot of old seeds and marketed them in its standard packages without bothering about the quality. This is very damaging to the whole seed industry and to the houses which have for years been building up a reputation for reliability founded on public confidence. It might be well for the latter concern, to form an association for their own protection and set standards which would be guaranteed by an association trade-mark—Financial Post.

At a recent dinner Sir Robert Home, Chancellor of the Exchequer, told the following story. The bridegroom and the best man were at the altar awaiting the bride. The former became very white and seemed about to faint. "What's wrong with you, Jack?" asked the best man. "Yer face is like chalk. Ha'e ye lost any thing? Ha'e ye lost the ring?" "No," came the reply, "but I doot I've lost my enthusiasm."

Trappers Travel in Luxury. Palatial steamers are carrying the trappers home from Alaska. Instead of stealing out of the great northland in canoes piled high with smelly baits—as trappers always do in fiction—these intrepid adventurers are the gentry of the trade, travelling de luxe.

The highest and lowest point in the United States both are in Inyo County, California.

MUDDY CREEK BOTTOM BECOMES BEAUTY SPOT



An object lesson in reclamation is provided by the present Canadian National station grounds at Vancouver, B.C. Before the site was developed the location was known as False Creek, a muddy stream in the centre of the city over which the tide water from the bay backed. It is now one

of the beauty spots of the City of the Lions. The approach to the station is called Thornton Park, in honor of Sir Henry Thornton, Chairman and President of the Canadian National Railways, who materially assisted the Parks Commissioners by contributing 10,000 yards of earth for the filling

and beautification of the grounds. Work on the park area is not yet completed but when finished it will be one of the most attractive all-weather terminals on the continent. At present thousands of flowers are bursting into bloom and many hundreds of beautiful shrubs in their attractive foliage add their charm.

IRMA TIMES

The Alberta Oil Gazette
Irma, Alberta, Canada

An independent newspaper published every Friday
at Irma, Alberta, Canada, by The Times publishers.
H. W. LOVE, Editor

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Fresh smoked every week
27C PER LB. BY THE PIECE.

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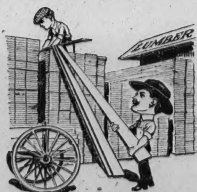
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P. J. HARDY, Manager, Irma, Alberta

Weekly Review of
Alberta Markets

(Calgary Market Examiner)

Cattle
FEEDERS, STOCKERS—Choice feeders are keeping up in value, to around \$4, but the common and plain stockers are hard to move at \$28.25; stocker cow \$12.50; stocker cow \$12.50.

Hogs.
Edmonton market steadily gained up to \$9.40, but Wednesday the buyers refused to bid over \$9.25, for the thick smooths, off cars, and commission men refused to sell and hold for better price; bacon 10 per cent over thick smooths.

Sheep.
More sheep received at Edmonton and some through on coast billing. Lambs \$11@12; yearlings \$8@9; ewes \$4.15@5.50.

Grain.
Wild swings have been recorded in the wheat market during the week and carrying with it the coarse grains to some extent. This fluctuation is likely to continue until there is some volume to our movement. If wheat was worth anything like the prices that were paid a short time ago, there is no reason why it should not make a recovery, for there has not been sufficient improvement in the western crop, or any other crop, to warrant the recent drop. An improvement in the European situation should also help the market.

Eggs—Poultry.
BUTTERFAT—Alberta prices advanced to 31c at centralizers and 28c at country creameries, basis specials, and other grades up in proportion. Receipts keeping up well.

EGGS—No changes are reported in Calgary prices, still at 25c for extras, but the market is considerably firmer and may advance. POULTRY—Business quiet and offerings light, and at present prices no encouragement to shippers. Fowl 9@11c; chickens 10c live weight.

Potatoes.
Crop making good progress in all parts of the province, where it was not eliminated earlier in the season. New crop bringing \$1.75@2 per cwt. at Calgary.

Hay.
Not much business moving, and deliveries are somewhat delayed owing to difficulty of getting weather for haying. Alfalfa quoted at Lethbridge \$11@14 on cars; No prices established in districts east of Calgary.

Hides.
Better prices on hides during the week, with salted butcher hides at 5-1-2c and the flint dried up to 9c; kip skins at 5-1-2c and calf skins 8c. Tanners showing better buying indications.

Furs.
Not much change reported in market on western furs at Winnipeg auction, but beaver given another advance to range from \$7.50 on small to \$20 on large.

UNITED STATES IMMIGRATION
LAW WILL BENEFIT CANADA

The United States immigration quota law which came into effect at the beginning of July will have a tendency to divert immigration toward Canada. That law does not place any restraint upon the immigration of Canadian born citizens into the United States, but it does restrict immigrants into Canada from crossing the border as they have sometimes been wont to do in the past, since this country has been the stopping off point of many Europeans who intended sooner or later to make their permanent home in the United States," says The Canadian Bank of Commerce in their Monthly Commercial Letter.

"One of the first effects of this law has been the diversion of liners to Canadian ports. Already, for instance the Swedish-American, Norwegian-American, Holland-American, Scandinavian-American, Royal Mail Steam Packet and some of the Italian lines have altered their routes. It is only reasonable to believe that transportation companies will, under the circumstances, use their influence to draw to the attention of European continental emigration the prospects and possibilities of Canada as a new home.

If a woman sits down in a theatre now without taking off her hat the man behind her leans forwards and whispers in indignant protest. But did you ever notice that the women folks can wear their hats in church all they please and the men folks never make so much as a peep about it?

The problems of leap year were pressing rather close when a sweet girl here asked her bachelor friend "What is love?" "Love," replied the cruel man, "is a form of insanity that makes a man call a 200-pound female his little turtle dove." No engagement reported.

A COLOSSAL FARMERS' ENTERPRISE

(The U. F. A.)

In the three great wheat growing provinces of Canada at least 85,000 farmers, whose combined wheat acreage exceeds 10,000,000 by a substantial margin, will market their entire wheat crop of 1924 through co-operative Pools, owned and democratically controlled by themselves, and will merchandise their product on the markets of the world through a Central Selling Agency. If the yield should average so low a figure as 10 bushels per acre, in the contracts in the three provinces, this would assure the co-operative marketing of 100,000,000 bushels of this year's crop. Ten bushels per acre for the whole territory, however, would be an unduly conservative estimate.

The colossal expansion in co-operative marketing enterprises indicated in these figures has been made possible as the sequel to the pioneering efforts of the organized farmers of this province, in which the idea of co-operative pooling of wheat first took definite form some years ago, and in which the first wheat pool to be established in Canada has just concluded, with a degree of success much exceeding the expectations of its members, its first season's operations.

The Alberta wheat pool has not only proved the most successful co-operative marketing enterprise hitherto established by wheat growers in North America. In volume of business transacted it is the largest single co-operative wheat marketing agency owned by farmers, which has been operated in any part of the world.

The membership of 29,440 growers in the Alberta wheat pool there will be added, in the marketing of the 1924 wheat crop, 47,000 Saskatchewan wheat growers, and more than 8,000 wheat growers in Manitoba. In addition to the numbers now signed up, it is anticipated that there will be some thousands of new enrollments in each of the provinces during the next few months.

The organization of the co-operative marketing of wheat on so vast a scale as is now determined, constitutes a mobilization of the farmers' economic forces which would have seemed "chimerical" and "unpracticable" possibly even "Bolshevistic" a few years ago. Co-operative marketing will not unaided solve all the problems with which the farmers are confronted as producers and as citizens. But it is the farmers' greatest commercial achievement, and it marks the most important single step in the history of the primary industry towards the realization of practical solidarity among its members.

In the spirit of the united front expressed in this and other enterprises, social and economic, the farmers, if they will, can conquer every obstacle which stands in the way of the attainment of their rightful place in the life of the community.

THE LAST OF THE OSLERS

Death of Sir Edmund Osler, last week, brings to mind that he was chief financial critic of the opposition in the Dominion House of Commons, following the election of 1900, when Sir George Foster failed to obtain a seat. This was the period of unstrained optimism and he frequently gave to the government advice to go slow in expenditure—counsel that many a convert with affairs now believe should have been accepted.

Sir Edmund was the last of four great Oslers, every member of the quartette having attained striding success with no original assets. In this case it was better to be Shott than Nott. There was a rumor that Nott was not shot, but Shott avows that he was not, which proves either that the shot Shott shot at Nott was not shot, or that Nott was shot notwithstanding. It may be made to appear on trial that the shot Shott shot Nott, or, as accidents with firearms are frequent, it may be possible that the shot Shott shot shot Shott himself when the whole affair resolves itself into its original element, and Shott would be shot and Nott would be not. Some folks think, however, that the shot Shott shot shot, not Shott, but Nott. Can you tell who was shot?

Who Was Shot and Who Was Not

A duel was lately fought by Alexander Shott and John S. Nott. Nott was shot and Shott was not. In this case it was better to be Shott than Nott. There was a rumor that Nott was not shot, but Shott avows that he was not, which proves either that the shot Shott shot at Nott was not shot, or that Nott was shot notwithstanding. It may be made to appear on trial that the shot Shott shot Nott, or, as accidents with firearms are frequent, it may be possible that the shot Shott shot shot Shott himself when the whole affair resolves itself into its original element, and Shott would be shot and Nott would be not. Some folks think, however, that the shot Shott shot shot, not Shott, but Nott. Can you tell who was shot?

THE IRMA TIMES
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10004—101a Ave, Edmonton, Alta.

DERRICK BUILDER

Contracts or day work taken in any part of Alberta.

A. H. VISSER, Okotoks, Alta.
Phone 25.

H. V. FIELDHOUSE, K. C.

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Etc.
Special Attention to Collections
and Estates

Oil Leases Bought and Sold
WAINWRIGHT. ALBERTA

E. T. BISHOP, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Solicitor for:

British Petroleum, Ltd.

Western Consolidated Oils, Ltd.

Edmonton Gas & Development Co.,
Ltd., N.P.L.

Crown Oil Co., Ltd., N.P.L.

Wainwright Oil & Development Co.,
Ltd., N.P.L.

Irma Royalties, Ltd., N.P.L.

Border Oil Co., Ltd., N.P.L.

Office—Molson Bank Bldg., Edmon-
ton, Alberta.

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Solicitor for:

Globe Drilling Co., Ltd.

Irma Oil & Development Co., Ltd.
(N.P.L.)

Irma Oil Holdings Ltd., (N.P.L.)

Mutual Oil & Gas Development Co.,
Ltd. (N.P.L.)

Office—206 C. P. R. Bldg., Edmon-
ton, Alberta.

TRAIN SCHEDULE, IRMA, ALTA.

TRAIN SERVICE

No. 3 Going West 7:27 A.M.

No. 1 Going West 7:37 P.M.

No. 2 Going East 4:05 A.M.

No. 4 Going East 10:25 P.M.

Train No. 1 stops only to let off or

pick up passengers from Saskatoon or

East, or to Jasper and West.

Train No. 2 stops only to let off or

pick up passengers from Jasper or

West or to Saskatoon and East.

—ROY WHYTE, Agent.

GOVERNMENT LIQUOR CONTROL
ACT OF ALBERTA

APPLICATION FOR
BEER LICENSE

Public notice is hereby given that

the undersigned intends applying to

the Alberta Liquor Control Board for

a License to sell Beer by the glass, or

open bottle, for consumption in con-

formity with the provisions of the

Government Liquor Control Act of

Alberta, and regulations made there-

under, with respect to the following

premises:

The Edmonds Hotel, located on Lots

37 and 38, Bldg. No. 8, Plan No. 1560,

North side of Second Avenue, in the

Village of Irma, Province of Alberta.

Dated at Irma, Alberta, this 8th

day of August, 1924.

CHARLES OLSON, Applicant

OIL DRILLING.

Company with complete Standard

Drilling rig and well located lease in

Irma-Fabyan field wants drilling done

on share basis.

—Apply Box 6, Irma Times, 10-15c

DR. W. L. McMACHEN

Dental Surgeon

—Will be at Irma on Friday,
of each week over Larson's store.

DR. H. L. COURSIER

Dental Surgeon

Post. Grad. in Block Anesthesia,
Plate and Bridge Work.
Appointments by mail for out of town
patients.

At Edgerton Thursday.
At Irma Tuesday.
Wainwright, Alta.

IRMA LODGE No. 56

I. O. O. F.

Meets every 1st and 3rd. Tuesdays
in each month, in Larson's Hall.
J. G. Hedley, N. G.

A. K. Madsen, V. G.
Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary.

IRMA REBEKAH LODGE No. 8

I. O. O. F.

Meets every 2nd and 4th. Tuesday
in each month in Larson's Hall.
D. L. Tate, N. G.

S. Mathison, V. C.
I. C. Knudson, Secretary.

IRMA L. O. L. 2066

Meets the last Thursday in each
month in Larson's Hall, Irma.
Visiting Orangemen always wel-
come.

D. Glasgow, W. M.
Fred W. Watkinson, R. S.
M. K. McLeod, F. S.

IF YOU INTEND HOLDING AN
AUCTION SALE, OR HAVE
CATTLE OR HOGS TO SHIP

SEE ME
J. W. STUART
WAINWRIGHT, ALBERTA
For Sale dates in Irma district see
R. J. Tate, Irma.

Edmonton Rubber Stamp

Co., Ltd.

Makers of
RUBBER STAMPS & SEALS

10118—102nd St., Edmonton

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY

STAR OF IRMA 1036

Meets 1st Thursday in each month
in Larson's Hall.
John Watson, W. P.
Fred W. Watkinson, Reg.

C. G. PURVIS,

Barrister, Solicitor, & Notary

Date at Irma

August 13th and 29th.

September 12th and 26th



OUR SERVICE IS RELIABLE

Trudeaus' Cleaning and Dye

Works, Regd

10050, 103 st Edmonton

IRMA POOL ROOM

and

BARBER SHOP

SOFT DRINKS TOBACCOS

CIGARS, Etc.

Agent for Snowflake Laundry.

J. A. HEDLEY

PROPRIETOR.

Rates \$1.00 up Phone 6401

Royal George Hotel

101st Street

(Near Union Depot)

EDMONTON

FIVE

STORIES

OF SOLID

COMFORT

THE HOME OF SERVICE

AND COMFORT

First-Class Cafe.

Free Bus to and from all

Trains

R. E. NOBLE, Mgr.

WHEN YOU BUY

GROCERIES

There are Three Important Points to be Considered. They should be

Fresh, Clean & Good Quality

Our Groceries are of the best quality, are always fresh and put up in neat wrappers and attractive packages, by which convenience, cleanliness and elegance are secured.

We can please you with our

TEAS AND COFFEE

They have the quality.

We have

DRIED FRUITS

That you can eat. No waste on account of worms, decay or dirt.

When you want

CANNED GOODS

Come and see our Tomatoes, Corn, Peas, Apples, Peaches, Berries, Salmon, Sardines, Etc.

The Fact is we have everything you expect to find in a First-Class Grocery Store, and things besides.

We want your COUNTRY PRODUCE and are prepared to pay the highest prices.

Come and See Us—

L. HOSTRUP

IRMA, ALBERTA.

Main Street.

Miss Sadie Lennon has accepted a position as clerk in Liden's store.

Mr. C. W. Diagram, Petroleum Inspector for the Dominion Government was in Irma Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Roy Whyte returned Tuesday night after a three weeks vacation to the coast.

Mr. A. Hays of Russell, Ont., is spending a few weeks with his son Roy in the Albert district.

Mr. Roy Melton is enjoying a visit from his father whom he has not seen for thirteen years.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Lilley of Omaha, Nebraska, have been visiting at the Lyster farm north of Irma.

F. H. Allen returned to Irma on Sunday with Miss Violet Allen who is taking charge of Paschendale School.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Liden spent Wednesday at Camrose. Mrs. Liden intends spending a week with friends at Hay Lake.

Mrs. C. W. Lattner intends leaving Saturday morning to spend a few weeks with her parents at Northport, Washington.

The members of the Irma Rebekah Lodge and their friends spent a social evening with Mr. and Mrs. W. Anderson Wednesday evening.

Mr. G. A. Barnes who has been relieving Mr. Whyte has gone to Jarro to relieve the agent there while he enjoys his vacation.

Tuesday Mrs. Geo. Elliott served a farewell tea in honor of Mrs. Graham who is leaving with her daughter Friday morning for Chinook, Alta. Only the older ladies of the district were guests.

Wednesday afternoon the Irma Ladies and Missionary Society held a farewell tea at the home of Mrs. Geo. Tripp for Miss Graham, Mrs. Graham and Mrs. Jardine. Some thirty guests being present.

On account of the shower Thursday afternoon the fourth annual picnic of the Irma Woman's Missionary Society, was held at the church instead of the grove south of town. A fair attendance of the ladies of the district turned out for the picnic.

Rev. George Elliott spent Sunday in Calgary. The service in Irma church Sunday night was conducted by Miss Chase, a visiting Missionary and Mrs. White of Jarro, assisted by a selected ladies choir. The Church was well filled and the service was appreciated by all.

Harvesting is general in most parts of the Irma district. While the straw is short in some sections it is generally believed that the yield will surpass former expectations. Estimates of from fifteen to twenty bushels per acre for wheat are general while oats should run from forty to sixty bushels. No damage from frost has been reported so far but some oat fields are still green and stand a chance of being damaged if frost should come within the next two weeks.

SALE AND REDEMPTION OF IMPOUNDED ANIMALS (Sec. 48)

Notice is hereby given under Section 48 of The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities) that:

One Yearling Black Poll Bull, indistinct brand on left hip, was impounded in the pound kept by F. C. Weiss, located on the S. E. 1-4 35-44-9 with a Wednesday, August 13th, 1924, and that the said animal was sold on the 25th day of August, 1924 to R. Larson of Irma, Alberta;

—and that said animal may be redeemed by the owner or on his behalf within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in The Alberta Gazette, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the municipality and the purchaser of said animal.

For information apply to the undersigned.

R. J. TATE, Sec'y-Treas. of the Municipality of Battle River No. 423, Post Office, Irma, Alta.

**Fordson
Tractor
and
Moody Separator
For Sale Cheap**

J. R. Love

IRMA, ALBERTA

CUT DOWN THE WINTER FEEDING PERIOD

If to each end of the usual grazing season can be added a week or fortnight—during which the animals may gather their own feed and distribute their own droppings, it represents a economy of labor doubly advantageous at periods of rush.

Where plenty of free range is available, and particularly in districts where the standing grass cures satisfactorily in advance of killing frosts, the prairie herbage furnishes good forage in the autumn and also during the winter, except when deep snow prevents grazing. What is left may be utilized in the spring, but in the Northern park belt, at least, the old grass is not very satisfactory spring feed, even when abundant, and cattle subsisting wholly upon it are very liable, in their craving for something green, to pull up and eat poisonous weeds growing around the edges of sloughs.

On the Beaverlodge Station, winter rye is the last thing green in the fall and the first thing green in the spring. It is almost perfectly winter-hardy and is considered fairly so throughout most parts of the West. Where autumn pasture is an object, winter rye may be seeded in July at the rate of six or seven pecks per acre and grazed judiciously until winter, care being taken not to let the top be closely cropped too late in the autumn, else some winter injury may result, or the spring growth be at least restricted. When the ground has firmed up in spring the rye may again be pastured until about the first of June, after which date the cattle eat it rather unwillingly. It may then be left to produce two cuttings of hay or a crop of grain to thresh. Or, again, the land may be ploughed and prepared for other crops.

Where grain production is the ultimate object, one advantage of spring pasturing is that blossoming is thereby delayed until well past the period of probable June frosts. An occasional disadvantage lies in the fact that in districts or seasons of very delayed maturity the rye may not always fully ripen ahead of the early fall frosts, but in most parts of the West this danger would not probably exist.

Good autumn grazing may sometimes be obtained from oats sown in drills to be intercultivated as a summer-fallow substitute. A short crop of western rye grass for the wintering horses to eat off the ground instead of from manglers is being left at the Beaverlodge Station.

LEWISVILLE

Crops are looking very well in this part of the country, and are ripening fast. Cutting of rye and wheat has begun. Gardens are wonderful.

Lewisville school will reopen the first of the month, with Miss Mildred Allen again in charge.

Miss Catherine Martin is back after spending her holidays at Banff and is again in charge of Fabyan school. A new barn was built on the school premises in her absence. T. Gotobed built an addition to his house in the holidays and Miss Martin is boarding there.

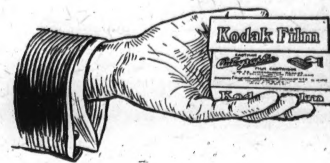
Arthur Massie, Bernard Goutour and George Armstrong went in the "lug" to a good part of the south country, where the harvest is on to help in the work.

The gas in the big well in the Battle River Valley has become ignited and since Sunday, August 24th it has been roaring and crashing and burning at a terrific rate. A great yellow tongue of flame about 30 feet long and five or six feet wide is flashing night and day. At night lots of people go down in cars to watch it, and you can see the lights of the cars like fire-flies on the hills. The play of light and shade on the valley and hills from the great blaze is a weird, tremendous effect. The echoes crashing through the valley and amongst the hills in continuous, day and night. A few miles away the dancing lights in the sky, from the flame, much resembles Northern Lights. If a lot of witches or Indians were just dancing around the great fire it would be complete. The hockey enthusiasts around are planning, if the blaze is not put out before winter, on a rink nearby, with light and heat aplenty, to say nothing of "hot dogs" after the game. It is an ill wind that blows nobody good.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Registered Shorthorn Bull, four years old, gentle, from good stock. Chas. Anderson, 16-46-9-4, Irma. 15-17P.

LOST—On Wednesday on Main St. between Hostrup's and Drug Store, Pocketbook containing \$30.00 cash, (\$20.00 American money and P. Burns cream check.—Finder kindly notify N. Fluvog, Irma and get reward. 1-T.C.

Misses Maide and Vivienne Shelden arrived on Saturday evening to visit with Mildred Allen of Avonlea.

For Results---**Kodak Film**

In your size on our shelves—the dependable film in the Yellow Box. Get it here and you know it's fresh.

Dependable because of its uniformity. The same exposure under lime conditions produces identical results on Kodak Film.

Dependable because a considerable variation in exposure is permitted by the "latitude" of Kodak Film.

Dependable because the Kodak Company makes Kodak Film—and because we sell it.

Derman's Drug Depot**School Days**

SOON WILL THEY BE HERE AGAIN. AND WITH THEM THE NEED OF NEW CLOTHES, STOCKINGS AND SHOES.

Stockings

Cotton Rib Hose in Black and Brown. All sizes 6-9. A Good Stocking for Boys or Girls, 25c-35c

HERCULES AND BUSTER BROWN

Have the very best and longest wearing hose on the market made of long strong cotton thread. All sizes 5 1-2 - 11 at 35c to 60c

Jerseys

All Wool Jerseys made from Canadian Wool in a nice fine knit. Brown, and in Blue with either button shoulder or Polo Collar. A splendid jersey for the money. All sizes 20 - 32. Special Value at \$1.50

ABERLEY JERSEYS

The Outstanding School Jersey on the market today. Made from the Best Long Staple Botany Wool in a Big Range of plain Colors and Fancy Mixtures. Trimmed with pleasing contrasts. They come with Roll, Polo, V neck and button shoulder collars, in all sizes, from 20 - 36. A garment you will be proud of, at \$2.25 Up.

Knickers

Boys Khaki Moleskin Knicker made with belt loops and good strong pockets, button knee. A good weight Knicker that will give you long service, at \$1.50

BOY'S GREY MOLESKIN KNICKER

The Best Boys Pant Made. A dyed in the thread pattern and they wear like leather. All sizes price at \$2.00 Up.

Dresses

What could be better for School Dresses than these Scotch Dress Tweeds. They are warm and they wear. A pleasing array of Scotch Checks and Plaids. Heavy Weight, All Wool and 43 inches wide. You will be surprised and delighted to get so much good cloth for so little money. 95c Yd.

Shoes

Just the Shoes for School for Boys and Girls. They come in Chrome Tanned Brown Leather Uppers and Bull Dog Soles and Heels. Good and stout yet light and pliable. Sizes 6 to 10 are \$2.00, larger sizes accordingly.

J. C. McFarland & Co.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS

MAY 15 TO SEPT. 30
FINAL RETURN OCT. 31, 1924

Eastern Canada

Pacific Coast

A FEW DAYS IN JASPER NATIONAL PARK — Canadian Rockies

Wide Choice of Routes via Canadian National and Other Lines Embracing Rail, Lake and Sea Trips.



Get full information from Local Agent

Summer Holidays

PLAN YOUR TRIP VIA

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Specially Reduced Fairs

Excursions to Pacific Coast

THE TRIP OF A LIFE-TIME. Through the Canadian Pacific Rockies—Stop-overs at Banff—Lake Louise—ON SALE DAILY to September 30th—RETURN LIMIT October 31st.

Eastern Canada and United States

Either ALL RAIL, or via the GREAT LAKES.

ON SALE NOW, RETURN LIMIT October 31st.

Circle Tours

Through the Canadian Pacific Rockies and the Arrow, Kootenay and Okanagan Lakes—Stop-overs at any point en route—ON SALE DAILY to September 30th, RETURN LIMIT October 31st.

ENJOY A HEALTH GIVING HOLIDAY At The Bungalow Camps

In old clothes and comfort. Camps at Lake Wapiti, Lake O'Hara, Yoho Valley, Emerald Lake Chalet, Moraine Lake, Storm Mountain, Vermilion River, Sinclair Hot Springs and Lake Windermere. These Camps are open July 1st to September 1st.

The Famous "TRANS-CANADA LIMITED" is now running again with accelerated schedule. Information as to fares and assistance in making your plans will be cheerfully given by any Ticket Agent of the

Canadian



Pacific

"Swat the fly" with GILLET'S LYE

A teaspoonful of Gillett's Lye sprinkled in the Garbage Can prevents flies breeding

Use Gillett's Lye for all Cleaning and Disinfecting



Costs little but always effective

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Jamieson Black, 78, one of the oldest settlers in Canada, died at St. Catharines, July 29. He was a veteran of the Fenian Raid in 1868.

The traffic in the streets of Paris is increasing rapidly, and the police claim that it is now more intense than in any other city in the world.

A decided increase in the export of Western Canadian cattle to Great Britain this year has been forecast by H. S. Arkell, Dominion Livestock Commissioner.

One of the most valuable minerals in the world today, tritium, has been discovered in the upper waters of the Peace River by the Canyon Gold Mining Company.

To Mrs. W. A. D. Mundy, of Vancouver, belongs the honor of being the first woman to climb to the peak of Mount Robson, 12,969 feet in height, in the Canadian Rockies.

Viktorin Stenstrom, the Arctic explorer, has started on an expedition into Central Australia. He is accompanied by the Government Geologist, L. K. Ward.

A budget of \$2,124,000 has been drawn up for the reconstruction of the Imperial University of Tokyo. The buildings were largely destroyed by the earthquake and fire of September 1.

The actual wealth of the farmers of the United States has increased \$448,497,000 in the last three weeks, owing to the increase in hog prices, according to figures made public by Armour and Company statisticians.

A gas-filled tire balloon made an extraordinary flight across the Atlantic in a contest from Warwick, Cumberland, England, it was mailed back from Königsberg, Germany, a distance of about 1,900 miles.

Alex. McEwen, of Canwood, Saskatchewan, has been appointed commissioner of a new Canadian National Railways office to be opened in Glasgow, Scotland, for the purpose of increasing Scottish immigration to Canada.

Baby Show At Wembley

Best Baby in British Empire Comes From Australia

Mary Wilson, of Melbourne, Australia, has been chosen from 67,000 entrants as the bonniest baby in the British Empire, according to an announcement made by officials of the national baby week competition conducted at Wembley. Baby Wilson, who is two years and eight months old, received £200. James Edward Rowe, of Whitby, Ont., was the winner of the second class for babies between nine months and two years of age, and, with John Strang, of St. John's, Nfld., who finished at the top of the first class for infants, three to nine months, wins £100.

Kenneth Farrel, of Mount Forest, Ont., was one of the five babies in the first class who each receive a prize of £20.

Increase In Newspapers

Alexander MacLaren, General Secretary of the National Federation of Retail Newspapers, speaking on the influence of the press, said that each Sunday nearly 30 million newspapers were distributed in Great Britain and Ireland, and on each weekday over 20 million morning and evening papers. The productions of the press today were 33 per cent. greater than in the war's most urgent days.



MURINE EYES (REGISTERED) SUN, WIND, DUST & CINDERS

W. N. U. 1525

Gun-Running Plot

Aeroplane Machine Guns Smuggled From England to Russia. Inquiries are being made by the police into a gun-running expedition from London to Russia, in which an unknown foreign vessel and a London fishing smack co-operated.

Scotland Yard has discovered that 56 machine guns were shipped abroad under the nose of the authorities, and also that the thing consisted of a secret gun-running on a much larger scale would have followed, until 1,000 guns had been got out of the country.

It is stated that the guns were aeroplane machine guns, a fact considered significant in view of the large deliveries of aeroplanes to Russia from Germany.

It is known that the guns were bought by a London brewer, dealer, taken by him from the factory to a wharf not far from London Bridge. Here they were called for one night by a London fishing smack and taken on board.

The smack then sailed to a point about 20 miles off the Gabbards Lightship, east of Harwich, where it met a mysterious foreign vessel and transferred the guns to her. This vessel sailed for Petrograd.

All the ports of England have been watched and many ships searched.

Separation, But No Alimony

A peaceful, quiet separation, no damage done, everybody happy again—this is the situation when a divorce is granted. Try Putnam's Corn Extractor. Acts like magic, no pain, no failure, success every time. Beware a substitute for Putnam's, 25c everywhere.

Humanity's Best Protector

No Community Is Safe If Church Is Banished

The Church is human! Yes, but the very men who disclaim most loudly against her defects take greatest care to plant their benches beneath her shadow. The Church is the greatest protector of human life and liberty that the world ever knew. The Church is the greatest friend of humanity that exists in the world today; and even her bitterest enemies would probably not remain long in a community from which that Church had been banished. Yet men will today find great enjoyment in telling of the Church's faults, and tomorrow in selling their property they will take pains to say that it is near a church. Strange, isn't it?—Christian Guardian.

BABY'S GREAT DANGER DURING HOT WEATHER

More little ones die during the hot weather than at any other time of the year. Diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, infantum and stomach troubles come without warning, and when a medicine is not at hand to give promptly the short delay too frequently means that the very dot formed beyond aid. Baby's Own Tablets should always be kept in the house where there are young children. An occasional dose of the Tablets will prevent stomach and bowel troubles, or if the trouble comes suddenly the prompt use of the Tablets will relieve the baby. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c per bottle. Write to Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Queer Fish Received At London Museum

Fishing Device With Tassel Projects From Back

The Natural History Museum in South Kensington, London, has just received a queer fish of a species new to science.

It is one of the deep sea anglers, unrepresented in the museum, and apparently related to the very old form of fish sometimes found in fossils in the old rocks. It was captured by a Hull trawler, St. Hubert, at a depth of 100 fathoms, at Thorsholm Rhod, Iceland.

It is about a yard long; it has coal black skin, and pure white tentacles all over it. It has eight eyes connected by a thin web; from the middle of its back projects a long fishing-rope device, with a long tassel.

This is used to attract the creature's prey into its mouth. Very little is known about these fish, and it is hoped that further light may be thrown by some of the specimens brought back by the expedition which recently went to the South Pacific.

Millions In Forest Products

The forests in Canada produce a volume of business amounting to \$200,000,000 a year. This includes lumber of all kinds, pulp and paper. We should conserve our forests by preventing fire loss and wasteful cutting and also plant more trees to take the place of those cut down.

Well, old man, has fortune smiled on you yet?

No, I'm beginning to think that the dame must have a front tooth out.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts



With the Cream left in!

Free Recipe Book—Write the Borden Co., Limited, Montreal.

for all kinds of cooking

The Order Of Procedure

Mentality of Eastern People Who Are Hostile Towards the H. B. Road

A lot of worthy people down east appear to think that since they are hostile to the opening of the Hudson Bay route the Government must consider them of the practicality of the route—which in view of their closed minds would be a rather large order—before doing anything further in the matter.

In view of the fact that Parliament has been committed to opening up the route for sixteen years and has spent twenty million dollars upon the project, the presumptions, however, are all in favor of its practicability. It is up to the opponents of the scheme by such means as they can devise to prove if this is possible that the country's settled policy towards the north is wrong.

They might be reminded in this connection that a mere chorus of denunciation and assertion does not prove anything.—Winnipeg Free Press.

Miller's Worm Powders are a pleasant medicine for worm-infested children, and they will take it without objection. When directions are followed it will not injure the most delicate child, as there is nothing of an injurious nature in its composition. They will speedily rid a child of worms and restore the health of the little sufferers whose vitality has become impaired by the attacks of these internal pests.

A Good Investment

Big Business Houses Prove Advertising Is Most Important

Despite the many proofs of its value brought to notice every day, advertising continues to be a luxury to many merchants and others who believe it is a necessary evil, like rent, or light, or heat in winter, or some other "over head" expense.

Big business houses, spending hundreds of thousands of dollars in advertising yearly, have proved by test that advertising is the most important, highest-paying investment that can be made.

A certain percentage of a year's gross business is appropriated for advertising, which is carried on continually. The returns are greater than from any other investment that can be made.

The first trial, the patient medicine may not do the trick, but persistent, intelligent advertising will get results.—Phaevelia, Calif., Republican.

What "Gold-Filled" Means

"Gold-filled" on a piece of jewelry doesn't mean that the article is filled with gold or that it is solid gold. What it does mean is that the article is plated with a heavy coating of gold. However, "sterling" on silver always means that the metal is at least 925,000 pure silver. The other things in sterling silver are used to harden and toughen up the more precious metal.

A yacht can stand on a tack in silence, but a man isn't built like a yacht.

WHEN THE BABIES ARE CUTTING TEETH THE MOTHER SHOULD USE



During baby's teething time, especially in the hot summer months, the bowels become loose and diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, cramps, etc., manifest themselves. The gums become swollen, and cankers form in the mouth. This is the time when the mother should use "D'Fowler's," and perhaps save her baby's life. Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Establishing Radio Stations

Vancouver and Montreal Are Links In Empire Wireless Programme

Radio stations to be established near Montreal and Vancouver as links in the Empire wireless programme as the result of arrangements just completed between the British Government, the Department of Marine and Fisheries of Canada and the affiliated Marconi Company.

The stations, which are to be short wave, "beam" stations, will be owned and operated by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of Canada, and will have a guaranteed operating speed of 100 words a minute and will cost approximately \$300,000 each. Licenses have been issued by the department permitting the Marconi Company to proceed promptly with the work.

The English station in the new service will be built by the English Marconi Company, and will be operated by the British post office, the latter paying a percentage of the gross receipts of the Marconi Company in respect to patent royalties. The arrangements concluded between the British post office and the English Marconi Company settles a deadlock regarding the Canadian service. The Marconi Company has accepted the principle put forward by the British Government that the English super station now in the course of construction at Rugby must be state-owned and operated. The short wave service now arranged for will be adequate to provide the best service under all conditions.

Increase In Exports

Port of Vancouver Sees Big Business This Season

According to statistics prepared by the Merchants' Exchange, approximately 229,000,000 feet of lumber shipped on the last as having been exported from Vancouver during the six months of this year ending June 30th, against 127,000,000 feet for the same period last year.

Of this year's exports the Orient took more than half, while United States ports took a little more than 20,000,000 feet.

Canned salmon exports stand at about 150,000 cases, against about 220,000 cases last year, and 255,000 the year before.

Wheat, exports for the last six months were about 42,000,000 bushels, against about 11,000,000 bushels last year.

Flour also showed a big improvement in exports, going as high as 720,000 barrels, against 450,000 barrels last year.

Apple shipments also showed a big spot on the export sheet, going up to nearly 15,000 boxes this year against 1,700 boxes for the same six months last year.

Theory and Practice

Easier to Suggest Changes Than to Carry Them Out

Premier MacDonald of Great Britain is a frank and honest man. He admits some things that he and his party would not have admitted before they came into power. Speaking of his Government's scheme for creating new employment for those who needed it, he said in the House of Commons the other night: "When we were without experience, things seemed very simple to carry out; but when we became members of the cabinet responsible for them, they became very complicated and difficult."

That is the whole truth of all Government. On the outside the men who are shortly coming into power believe that they can bring about reforms in a jiffy. Once in office, they realize the difficulty of doing things as they would have them. It is the same the world over. Responsibility brings a new sense of performance.—Boston Post.

Largest Butter Exhibit

Brandon Stages Largest Exhibit Ever Shown in Western Canada

The creamery butter exhibit at the Manitoba Provincial Exhibition held recently in Brandon, Manitoba, was the largest exhibit ever staged in the history of the creameries of Western Canada. It even exceeded the great creamery exhibit of Toronto. Over 100 companies were entered, with approximately 5,238 pounds. The great majority of the exhibitors were Manitoba firms. The quality of the butter was excellent and the judges had a hard job to pick the winners.

The dairy butter exhibit featured 41 entries, this by far exceeding last year's entry. Cheese entries were doubled this year and the quality was better. All told there were 47 entries.

Girls Walking Across Continent

The young women have passed through Vancouver recently footling it across the continent. Miss R. Mahn and Miss P. Pinkwith have been on the road since last winter in Texas and California and intend to make the trip home on foot across Canada.

Prison Without Guards

Honor System Is Employed in Austrian Penitentiary

Conducting a penitentiary without guards, whence no prisoner has ever escaped, is the record claimed for the Werner-Neudorf prison near Vienna where more than 300 women are serving terms of from one year to life. The honor system is employed, the penitentiary being in charge of about 40 sisters of charity under leadership of a supervising director who does not even live on the grounds.

The women do all their own work, attending the heating apparatus, laundry, gardens, bakery, kitchen, and look after the livestock and poultry which keeps the penitentiary supplied with milk, fresh meat and other produce. All this work is so systematically done that the prison has become self-supporting, and is known as the model penitentiary of all Europe.

British Squadron Arrives in Jamaica

Admiral Field Was Assured of Unswerving Loyalty to King

The British special cruiser squadron, comprising the Hood, Renown, and Adelaide arrived July 26 at Kingston, Jamaica, from Cristobal, and was greeted enthusiastically by British residents.

Kingston was gallily decorated for the occasion, two special festive arches bearing phrases of welcome having been erected. The Admiral Sir Frederick and his staff were received by a guard of honor, and by Mayor Simpson, who read an address of welcome and assured the Admiral, who acted as representative of the King, of Jamaica's unswerving loyalty.

How Should I Wean My Baby?

This is a serious problem to many mothers. Weaning should always be done gradually, beginning about the seventh month, giving one or two bottles feedings during the day, increasing the number of bottle feedings gradually until weaning is accomplished. Borden's Eagle Brand Milk is so like mother's milk in taste and ease of digestion that it can be given alternately with breast milk without causing abrupt weaning.

In this paper from time to time you will find an advertisement of Borden's Eagle Brand Milk, a food that has raised many healthy babies from all the perils of infancy to combined. Cut out the advertisement and mail it to The Borden Company Limited, Montreal, and they will send you, free of charge, instructions for feeding your baby, and a Baby Welfare and Baby Record Book. Or, just write the Company, mentioning this paper, and they will be sent.

Complete in Itself, Mother Graves' Worm Extremator does not require the assistance of any other medicine to make it effective. It does not fail to do its work.

Where Divorce Is Cheap

Russians Can Obtain Them For \$150 In Few Minutes

Soviet Russia offers far more advantages to persons seeking easy and quick divorces than perhaps any place in the world. Under a new decree a divorce can be had within five minutes at a cost of \$150, provided both parties agree to the dissolution of the marriage ties. If, however, one party objects to dissolution, the case must be referred to the courts, which will decide the question on its merits.

Misconduct does not constitute a valid reason for the annulment of marital ties; but desertion, religious superstition, excessive religious piety, incompatibility of temperament and divergence in political views are held to be sufficient causes. No Russian may obtain a divorce and re-marry more than three times within one year.

In consequence of the flexibility of the Soviet civil code covering domestic relations, divorces in the Moscow district increased by 45 per cent. during the first six months of 1921 as compared with 1920.

The Only Elixir Of Youth

There is but one elixir of youth that is any good. And that is a clean life, a clear conscience, regular personal habits, a simple diet, steady work according to one's strength, and some ideal vocation, and a kindly spirit. Mix thoroughly and take every day, every year. That prescription regularly taken will produce, not perhaps, actual youth, but nevertheless something more satisfying and even more beautiful.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Curious Restaurant In Buenos Aires

Probably the most curious restaurant in the world is in Buenos Aires. The equipment consists of one large pot about a yard in diameter, and one large fork with which the customers, for the sum of five cents, are allowed a chance of fishing out a chunk of meat.

Minard's Liniment For Rheumatism



Say "Bayer Aspirin"

INSIST! Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 24 years.

Safe Accept only a Bayer package

which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100. Bayer Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada by Bayer Manufacturing of Monroeville, Pa., U.S.A.

Chicago's Murder Record

Crime Commission Report Shows One

A murder a day for June and 177 since the first of the year is Chicago's record, according to the report of the Chicago crime commission, made public. April, with 23, had the largest number of homicides.

"The trend in murder is upward," the report stated. "No country, with the exception of Italy, comes near to the United States in the murderous tendency of its people. This country has twice as many murders as Italy, and Chicago has nearly three times as many per capita."

"Many murderers escape arrest; only a small portion of those found guilty suffered the proper punishment. Out of nine sentenced to be hanged last year only one was executed."

Mothers Value This Oil—Mothers who know how suddenly cold may seize their children and how necessary prompt action is in applying relief, always keep at hand a supply of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, because experience has taught them that this is an excellent preparation for the treatment of all ailments. And they are wise, for its various uses render it a valuable medicine.

Largest Electric Sign

Letters Forty-Five Feet High Are Illuminated By Electricity

One word, with letters 45 feet high, has been set upon a mountainside near Los Angeles to designate a real estate subdivision. At night four thousand lamps are connected with the surfaces of the gigantic letters, so that the whole word is not only visible for miles in the daytime, but also for a considerable distance after dark. The lamps are of the ten-watt size. This is believed to be the largest sign in the world to be lighted by electricity, so far as physical dimensions are concerned. Each letter is supported on a frame of scaffolding, and the entire sign is about a quarter of a mile in length. Originally it was proposed to illuminate the sign at night by a high-intensity searchlight, but it was found that the consumption of current necessary would make this undesirable.

Fisheries Add to Wealth of Canada

The total catch of sea fish on both coasts of the Dominion during the month of May was 24,600,800 pounds, valued at \$1,182,455, compared with 18,784,600 pounds, valued at \$922,216 during the same month a year ago.

A teaspoonful of paraffin in the washing tub lightens work, while the same amount in a bowl of starch will prevent the irons sticking when starched things are being ironed.

YOU'VE TRIED THE REST NOW BUY THE BEST



ALWAYS SUITS, NEVER SOOTS

There is a dealer handling Newcastle coal in every town in Western Canada. Look for him.

MONEY ORDERS

Avoid late when sending money by mail. Use the Dominion Express Money Order—the safe, convenient, inexpensive way.

Cook's Regulating Compound

A safe, reliable, regulating compound for the bowels. It is a powerful laxative, but it is not a cathartic. It is a safe, reliable, regulating compound for the bowels. It is a powerful laxative, but it is not a cathartic.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY THERAPION NO. 1 THERAPION NO. 2 THERAPION NO. 3

No. 1 for Bladder Complaints. No. 2 for Stomach and Bowel Disorders. No. 3 for Rheumatism and Gout. Sold by all druggists and chemists.

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**We have a few Shares to
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Edmonton, Alberta

HEALTH EDUCATION AND THE PEOPLE

How to be healthy and how to keep healthy is a problem that looms largely before every person in whose care is placed a family of children large or small. In the changed conditions of modern life parents have not always been successful in adjusting their homes to the new environments of to-day. At least that is what the doctors and health workers tell us and the people who ought to know. At the Annual Meeting of the American Association, Chicago, Dr. C. W. Newell blames this "generation of Jaz" for the increase in the prevalence of disease. Has the home as a health centre met the situation? The consensus of opinion seems to be that it has failed lamentably to do its duty by the coming generation. Dr. Emmett Holt, who was one of the foremost medical men at Columbia University, where he was Professor of Children's Diseases in a pamphlet about the Health Education of children which was written for the International Journal of Public Health give two reasons for the lamentable failure as he calls it of the health teaching of the home. First the parents themselves, he says, are ignorant in regard to the matters that underlie healthy growth. Secondly there is the complete breakdown of the discipline or authority of the home. Again, health teaching has been too abstract, the doctor thinks, too theoretical and not linked up with practical life, nor has it been made interesting. So much for the indictment of the medical man. In the face of such charges, in view of a declining birth-rate and a high death-rate let us ask what is being done by organized effort to counteract the hectic pace of human life today? One of the obligations placed upon the League of Red Cross societies is the improvement of health and in its endeavours to fulfil that duty the Alberta Division of the Canadian Red Cross is seeking to disseminate knowledge of health laws by every means available.

Classes for the study of Home-Nursing and Hygiene are being formed up and down the province by the Health Nurse attached to the Head Office staff. Lectures on various phases of health have been given on lantern slides, moving pictures, and over the Radio. Literature on the care of the Child, and Maternity welfare has been issued freely and in large quantities. Demonstrations and Health Exhibits have been held at Fairs in city and country. In the schools by means of health plays, posters and other forms of activity, health laws have been taught in attractive form to the children. That is one of the great reasons why the Red Cross goes on.

IS THE NEWSPAPER A LIAR?

If the average newspaperman is a liar he generally lies to protect his community.

If a boy goes out into the world and gets into trouble, the home newspaper says he was a good boy until he left home and became influenced by bad company.

If the town's tightwad who hugged his pennies to his bosom in life dies, the newspaper throws a mantle over him and says he hated wastefulness and that his hate for useless spending made him overcareful of his investments and his charities.

If the town gossip dies, the editor carefully avoids referring to her outstanding weakness, tells how she visited the sick and afflicted, and winds up by saying she was a good neighbor.

If the ball team goes away from town and has the daylight whipped out of them, the home editor tells the unsuspecting world that the team was made of second string players.

The editor is not a liar from choice. The truth struggles in his manly breast the same as it does in that of the village preacher, but the pride of his community makes him a trembling rabbit—and he lies to save the local pride of the town.

—The Trail (B. C.) News

A SERIOUS MENACE (Edmonton Journal)

It is imperative that prompt and effective action should be taken to eradicate the sow thistle from the vicinity of the city. In a statement which he gave to the newspapers the other day, Mr. D. W. Warner, M. P., did not at all exaggerate the damage which the spread of this most noxious of weeds can do. He speaks from long experience both in this country and in the United States. So completely overrun with it have some districts become that no useful crop could be grown, and the same condition might easily arise in our own vicinity if adequate measures are not applied without delay. If the present growth is allowed to go to seed, which may be carried for miles and take root in almost any kind of soil, a very heavy economic loss is inevitable.

This noxious weed has invaded many rural districts in Alberta.

Viking

Thursday, August 14th was a glorious day for the Catholics of Viking because Archbishop O'Leary was with them for his pastoral visit. He was accompanied by Rev. Father Lemaire, of Wainwright. His Grace administered the sacrament of confirmation to a class at St. Mary's church and spoke a kindly word and gave his blessing to one and all.

The Elliott concert orchestra that appeared in Jensen's hall Thursday evening proved to be one of the best musical organizations that has visited our town in a long time. There were eight musicians and each an artist. Playing scores from several well known operas and a number of more popular old songs and tunes they delighted a small but very appreciative audience.

The marriage of Mr. James Arthur Horton and Miss Stella Holmes was quietly solemnized at the home of the bridegroom's sister, Mrs. H. G. Thunell on Wednesday, August 20th, at eight o'clock P. M. In the presence of immediate relatives the marriage vows were said, the Rev. Mr. R. Upton, pastor of the Viking Community church officiating, using the simple but impressive ring ceremony.

Mr. William James Brown, of Viking, and Miss Emma Marie Kirkwood, of Vegreville were united in the holy bonds of matrimony at Vegreville on Wednesday, August 20th at 2.30 in the afternoon, the solemn ceremony being performed by the Rev. A. R. Schragg, of Vegreville. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Kirkwood, of Vegreville, and the bridegroom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brown, also of Vegreville. The newlyweds will make their home at Viking where the groom has a responsible position in the McAthey & Jones garage where he has a province-wide reputation as a first-class mechanic. The bride is a charming young lady and has filled a large place in the circles of the younger set in that pretentious town.

The sudden death of Jos. A. Robinson last Tuesday night came as a great shock to his family and the community here, as it was not generally known that he suffered from any serious ailment that might suddenly end his life. After attending to business in his store on Tuesday and partaking of supper as usual he motored with his family to their cottage at Lake Thomas. Not feeling well he sent his son Harry to town for some medicine but growing worse in the meantime he was taken in Mr. W. L. Campbell's car to the hospital. On the way to town he was seized with a severe attack and his heart being unable to withstand the strain, all efforts to revive him proved of no avail and he passed away.

Sedgewick won the baseball tournament here last Friday when they took the finals from Viking.

In the first game Sedgewick won easily from Camrose. This was a fairly good contest up to the fourth inning when Hansen, the Camrose heavier, became too generous with passes to first and was derided after which Larson took the mound. He was pounded off the hillock in short order when he was nicked for seven runs and eight hits. After this inning every member of the Camrose team including the manager and bat boy took a turn in the box and the game resolved itself into a fiasco; the fans being pleased when it was all over. It's a shame that Camrose can't muster up a team that can compete with the smaller towns. Final score Sedgewick 18, Camrose 5.

The Ryley and Vegreville teams having defaulted by not appearing on the grounds, the finals were played between Viking and Sedgewick. This was a pitcher's battle between Lefty Long, of Viking, and Joy, of Sedgewick. Viking scored in the first, inning and Sedgewick evened up. They each got a run in the fifth. The visitors took a third score in the seventh on a missed fly in right field. In the eighth Viking got another goose egg. Darkness was fast settling over the diamond and the ball was difficult to see. Sedgewick pounded in five runs on errors before Umpire Rooney called the game on account of darkness. Score, Viking 3, Sedgewick 8.

Several local citizens joined the army of star gazers on Tuesday when "Venus" was easily seen in broad daylight.

Frank and Walter Watkins returned Sunday evening from Detroit and will tune up their threshing outfit for the harvest. They met at Winnipeg, Frank coming from Detroit and Walter from Cochrane, Ont., each not knowing that the other was on the train. Conditions are going dead in Detroit, says Frank, and stick-ups and hold-ups are a daily occurrence. Alberta never looked better, the boys state, and Canada, especially the West is known far and wide as God's Country. Their brothers Wallace has returned to Calgary.

More or Less Funny

Matrimonial progression:—The first year a man is married he is looking for happiness; the second for contentment; the third he is satisfied to keep out of rows.

An editor in the Peace River country recently asked suggestions from his readers as to the best way to run his newspaper. One of his subscribers hit the nail on the head by sending him word on a postal card to "run it as you d— please."

A business man at Holden was dictating to his new, pretty and sophisticated stenographer. Suddenly he stopped. "Am I too fast for you?" he asked. She looked him over considerably, and then replied, "Oh, no, but you're a trifle old."

A burglar, a pickpocket and a bootlegger were released from prison at the same time. As they were travelling over the country together an argument arose as to which had the most nerve and staying qualities. Finally they decided to put it to a test. Coming to a skunk's den, they agreed that the one who could enter and stay the longest would be termed the winner. The burglar went in first and stayed just three minutes. Then the pickpocket entered and stuck it out for five. The bootlegger went in and thirty seconds later the skunk came out.

A Dokey, while drinking his liquor, At the Donkey loud braying did snicker.

The Dokey now sleeps
'Neath the daisies for keeps;
He was quick, but the Donkey was quickour.

Heard at a social: Their baby must be musically inclined. "How so?" "Why its mother says that it already plays on the linoleum."

The meanest man in town says that the reason old maids attend church so regular is that they like to be there when the hymns are passed out.

Watch Your Step.

St. Peter:—"You say that you took a newspaper several years while on earth and then refused it at the post office without settling up?"

Applicant:—"Yes."

St. Peter:—"Take the elevator, please. Applicant:—"How soon does it go up?"

St. Peter:—"It doesn't go up. It goes down."

1924

This year's ticket's robin blue;
It doesn't mean we're robbing you;
If you haven't yet you should come thru
And pay your Subscription when it is due

Come Along Lizzie, You're a Good Old Can.
Road gets rougher every mile;

(Click)
Come along Lizzie an' show some style
Ford's gone lame an' the hens won't lay;

Corn's way down an' wheat don't pay;
Hens no better steers too cheap;
Cows quit milking, meat won't keep;
Oats all heated, spuds all froze;

Fruit crop's busted, wind still blows;
Sheep seem puny, an' I'll be darned,
Rye field's flooded an' the haystack's burned.

Looks some gloomy, I'll admit—

(Click)
Come along Lizzie, we aint down yet.

Coal's in high an' crop's in low;
Rail rates doubled, got no show;
Money's tighter, morals are looser;
Bound to get us—what's the use!

Sun's not shinin' as it should;
Moon ain't lightin' like it could;
Air seems heavy, water's punk;
Tests yer mettle; allows yer spunk;

No-use stoppin' to debate—

(Click)
Come along Lizzie, it's gettin' late.

Wheels all wobble, axle's bent;
Motor's busted an' top all rent;
One side's broken, other sags;
Springs are busted, back end drags;

May hang 'tether—blere it will;
I'll try to keep the ol' car still;
Bounce—gosh dang ye—that's the stuff,

Hard to ater, when the ol' roads rough.
Old traper's movin' right good speed—

(Click)
Come along Lizzie, you're some old steed.
When yer drive a Ford, don't need no fan,
Come along Lizzie, you're a good old can.

NO DOMINION ELECTION HELD THIS YEAR (Vegreville Observer)

Premier Mackenzie King has announced that there will be no Dominion election this fall, thus setting at rest the hopes and fears of the politicians. Mr. Mackenzie has taken a sensible course in not going to the country at present. It is only fair to the tariff changes effected last season that they should have at least a year's trial. If the reductions already brought about prove to be, in the main, beneficial to the country at large, it will form a strong incentive to do some more reducing.

The Mackenzie King government is stronger today than at any time since the elections of 1921. Prior to the last session there was more ground for thinking that the government had no policy worth mentioning; that it was more opportunist in its methods than all the other opportunist governments the country has ever had, (and they have all been tarred with the same brush). But the government displayed unexpected strength last session and if it continues along the same lines will deserve and receive the esteem of the electorate.

There is no call for an election this fall. Nobody wants one. The Premier's statement is accordingly well received by everyone.

TEN PIGEONS IN FAST RACE FROM VIKING

One of the fastest flights yet held by the Edmonton homing pigeon fanciers occurred a few days ago, when ten birds, released at Viking made the distance of eighty miles to the city in 88 minutes. Of the first ten birds home two seconds separated the first and second, and two minutes only separated the first and last.

The winning birds were entered by the following: W. Quilley, first, fourth and fifth; W. Ruff, second, third, ninth and tenth; P. Bourne, sixth; J. Rickard, seventh and eighth.—Edmonton Journal.

MARKET PRICES

Wheat	
No. 1	110
No. 2	107
No. 3	102
Oats	
2 C. W.	40c
3 C. W.	37c
Feed	34c
Barley	
No. 3 C. W.	61c
Rye	
No. 2	66c